

GERMAN RAIDERS DROP BOMBS ON HARWICH

Eight Killed and Twenty Wounded—Entente Airplanes Raided the Docks at Burges and Made Many Hits—Lafayette Flying Corps to be Transferred.

(By Associated Press)
London, July 4.—From twelve to fourteen German air raiders today dropped bombs on Harwich, a seaport in Essex, it is officially announced. Eight were killed and twenty-two injured.

Good Hits at Burges.
(By Associated Press)
London, July 4.—Entente aeroplanes raided the docks at Burges Monday night and Tuesday morning. "Several tons of bombs were dropped and good hits were observed," it is officially announced.

Transfer Lafayette Flyers.
(By Associated Press)
Paris, July 4.—The Lafayette flying corps, composed of Americans, will shortly be transferred to the American from the French army.

VIOLENT FIGHTING ON THE AISNE FRONT

(By Associated Press)
Paris, July 4.—Extremely violent fighting continued throughout the night on the Aisne front, resulting in a rout of the attacking Germans with severe losses, it is officially announced.

Echols An Advocate of the Angora Goat

George H. Echols, a Brazos county citizen since 1865, and a man who has always lived at home and boarded at the same place, is now advocating an industry comparatively new for this county. It is the raising of Angora goats. Prof. Kyle of the A. and M. college, knowing him to be a progressive farmer who is willing to try anything once, gave him a young billy goat in the spring of 1916, whose dam was purchased by the professor for \$25. This young goat has just been sheared and Mr. Echols brought a sample of the wool to The Eagle office where it was measured and found to be seventeen inches in length. Mr. Echols says he got three pounds of wool from the goat this shearing. He has other goats of common breed, sixteen ewes which dropped eighteen kids, sixteen of which survived, and eight of these are females. He proposed to build up his flock with this college ram as the basis. He runs them with his hogs so that the cattle and horse pastures are not hurt, and they cost him nothing for feed, as they are great foragers and clean up a piece of ground of weeds and brush in splendid shape.

Mr. Echols says that yesterday he planted 15 acres to Kansas corn and cowpeas, running the planter between the rows of his spring planted corn. He says that the water between the corn rows from recent rains is fourteen to sixteen inches deep in the grounds and he expects to make corn. He has never purchased corn but twice since he has been farming in this county, and will not do so this year, despite the drought. He is an advocate of level planting for corn.

More Engineer Jobs than A.&M. Candidates

That after all the fourteen graduates of the school of engineering of the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas has been placed, sixty-four positions were still left at the disposal of the school, is the report of F. C. Bolton, professor of electrical engineering, and acting dean of the school of engineering. The positions were all offered to the school by the engineering companies themselves, the heads of the various engineering departments having ceased, at the outbreak of war, to make any effort whatever to place their graduates, forty-five of whom went into military or naval service.

Beside receiving these offers, the school of engineering has been able to help into better places many of last year's graduates, all of whom received positions immediately after graduation, and to employ several seniors in vacation jobs.

HOLLWEG TO SPEAK.
(By Associated Press)
London, July 4.—A Copenhagen dispatch says that Von Bethmann Hollweg will deliver an important speech in the reichstag Thursday.

TY COBB BEATS RECORD.

(By Associated Press)
Detroit, Mich., July 4.—In this morning's game with Chicago, Ty Cobb got a two-bagger, establishing a record of hitting in thirty-three straight games.

BUSINESS SETTLING BACK TO NORMAL

Grain Yield About As Usual—Bank Clearings Increase

(By Associated Press)
Dallas, Texas, July 4.—Development the past month indicated that people are becoming accustomed to the situation created by the war, according to the monthly statement of the federal reserve bank made public today. The statement adds that there has been a clearing up of some of the disturbing elements previously noted.

Speaking of the grain harvest, which has been on for several weeks, the report says the yield is expected to be up to the average of several years past. Returns for the crop already are being felt in collections.

The east Texas fruit crop will not yield an average of over 25 per cent of normal, the report says, based on information received by the bank.

Bank clearings in the principal cities of the district show an increase of 45 per cent over the same month last year.

Regarding labor, the statement says the demand is in excess of the supply. It is pointed out that wages paid unskilled labor in Texas are lower than in northern and eastern states.

Postoffice receipts of the principal cities show an increase of 8 per cent over the same month a year ago.

Designation of national guard training camps at Fort Worth, Houston and Waco should be a stimulus to business activities in those cities, the statement says.

AMERICAN WOMAN TO WED KING'S BROTHER

(By Associated Press)
London, June 29.—Athens dispatches say Prince Christopher, brother of the former King Constantine is coming to London to marry a rich American woman named Miss Litz, whose further identity is not mentioned.

SUBS TWICE ATTACK OUR TROOP SHIPS

Washington, July 4.—American destroyers conveying troop ships with troops for France fought off two submarine attacks. The first news of the fights was given out late Tuesday by the committee on public information with formal announcement of the safe arrival of the last of the transports with their convoys.

At least one submarine was sunk. Both of the attacks were made in force, showing that the Germans had information of the coming of the transports and planned to get them.

This announcement was issued: "The navy department received word of the safe arrival at a French port of the last contingent of General Pershing's expeditionary force. At the time the information was released announcement also was made that the transports were twice attacked by submarines on the way across."

"No ship was hit, and no American life was lost, and while the navy dispatches report the sinking of one submarine only, there is reason to believe that the others were destroyed in the first night attack."

Rainfall Only Third of Normal in Texas

Houston, July 3.—The rainfall in Houston since January 1 last, and up to July 1, has not been more than one-third of the normal rainfall for the first six months of the year. The precipitation for June was .83 of an inch, while the average for that month for the last 35 years has been 4.57 inches. The deficiency for the month was 3.74 inches, making an accumulated deficiency since January 1 of 14.64 inches. The total precipitation for the same length of time has been 8.84.

RUSSIAN ATTACKS.

(By Associated Press)
Berlin, July 4.—The Russians made further attacks yesterday near Brzezany, Galicia, but could not advance.

VITAL STATISTICS LAW HAS PENALTY

Fines for Failure to Report Births and Deaths

The trouble with the old Texas vital statistics law was that it contained no penalties for failure to make the required reports. The result was that the reports were unreliable, slow in coming and sometime they never came at all. Few who were expected to uphold the law paid it any attention.

The legislature at its last regular session put teeth in the law. Failure to comply with the provisions of the law creates a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of \$10 to \$100. This applies to "any person who violates any of the provisions" of the law, and under certain circumstances might make a neighbor or friend liable to prosecution.

In the brief of the new vital statistics law furnished County Clerk Ferguson physicians are required to report all births within five days. This brief says nothing of midwives or others who may have cognizance of a birth, and they might come under the class of "any person."

Undertakers and every person furnishing a coffin or box in which to bury the dead shall file a death certificate for every death, and no person shall be buried without a burial permit, or if removed there must be secured a removal permit or transportation permit. No dead body can be held for more than 72 hours for any purpose without a special permit. Physicians, hospital superintendents and coroners shall promptly furnish death certificates to undertakers.

These reports are to be made to the registrar who is the health officer in an incorporated town and the county clerk in the unincorporated portions of the county, and he is required to record in a permanently bound book all certificates filed with him. Blank forms of certificates are to be furnished by registrars. For each certificate the registrar receives a fee of twenty-five cents from the city or county upon statement rendered by the state registrar.

FELIX JONES INDICTED FLORENCE BROWN CASE

(By Associated Press)
Dallas, June 30.—Felix Jones of El Paso, has been indicted by a Dallas county grand jury in connection with the mysterious murder of Florence Brown in a Dallas real estate office in July, 1913. Jones is in jail in El Paso on another charge.

Miss Brown was the only occupant of the office in the early morning when she was attacked. She was a stenographer and had opened the office. The case created a great deal of interest because of its mystery, her assailant having most successfully covered his tracks.

HOBBY WOULD RECALL BOARD TO VERIFY ACT

Lieutenant Governor W. P. Hobby, who is a member of the board to locate the new Agricultural and Mechanical college, in Houston Monday, gave out the following statement concerning the recent transaction at Austin:

"In my judgment, Governor Ferguson or, if he will not, a majority of the members should reconvene the locating board of the West Texas Agricultural and Mechanical college for the purpose of ascertaining how each member of the board voted on the second ballot. This should be done in justice to the veracity of the members of the board and in justice to the future of this great institution of the west. Its beginning should be auspicious and to have it go down in history that even one ballot was erroneously or wrongly recorded will dampen the enthusiasm of those who have the best interests of this institution at heart."

"There is no question raised about the first ballot. There is no question raised about the final action of the board in passing unanimously a motion to locate the school at Abilene. And even if it is determined or made clear that in view of such action, the college is legally and finally located at Abilene, the reason for convening the board exists just the same. Three out of the five members of the board have stated in the newspapers that they did not vote for Abilene, while the minutes of the board meeting show that three out of five members did vote for Abilene. This situation should be cleared up, and in my opinion, the best way to clear it up is to call the board together again and verify the vote. I should think each and every member of the board would feel better to know that the vote on so important a matter be correctly recorded, regardless of whether it results in changing the location of the college."

"I repeat that I voted for San Angelo on the first ballot and for Amarillo on the second ballot. I tabulated the ballots as they were read off by Secretary Thomason, but I did not look at the ballots."

RULES FOR DRAFT PROMULGATED BY PRESIDENT WILSON

Washington, July 3.—President Wilson has promulgated a complete set of regulations designated to select the drafted armies of the United States with "the least inequality and personal hardship."

The rules are for the guidance of the exemption and appellate boards established throughout the nation to handle the immense work of the draft. The president's action today sets the machinery in motion. A later proclamation will set a date for the draft and provide certain regulations for its operation. July 10 is the day most spoken of at present as the date of the draft.

The regulations promulgated by the president today fill a booklet of more than fifty pages. In an accompanying statement the president characterizes them as "drawn with a view of the needs and circumstances of the whole country."

"I admonish every member of every local board and of every district of review," the president went on, "that their duty to their country requires an impartial and fearless performance of the delicate and difficult duties entrusted to them. They should remember as to each individual case presented to them that they are called upon to adjudicate the most sacred rights of the individual and to preserve untarnished the honor of the nation."

Those Exempted.
The president's proclamation exempts the following classes of men from service in arms:

1. Officers of the United States and of the several states and territories and the District of Columbia.

2. Regularly ordained ministers of religion and students of divinity preparing for the ministry on May 18, 1917.

3. Persons already in the armed forces of the United States.

4. Alien enemies and all other aliens who have not taken out their first papers.

5. County and municipal officers.

6. Custom house clerks.

7. Persons employed in transmission of United States mails.

8. Workmen in armories, gun factories, arsenals and navy yards of the United States.

9. Steamship pilots.

10. Marines actually employed in the sea service of the United States or of any citizen or merchant within the United States.

11. The following classes who are the sole support of dependent relatives:

(a) Son of a widow.

(b) Father of a motherless child or children under 16.

(c) Brother of orphan child or children under 16.

12. Members of well recognized religious sects, organized or existing May 18, 1917, whose creed forbids its members to participate in war.

13. Moral delinquents. (This class includes criminals.)

All Others Subject to Service.

Every citizen not a member of these definitely enumerated classes must, if drafted, appear before the exemption boards. If he has a claim for exemption he must present it, accompanied by affidavits supporting his statements. The board will then determine his status.

The rules for the operation of the draft will provide, it is understood, for an immediate physical examination. If the conscript is found to be unfitted physically for armed service his case will be settled, and in this way the exemption boards will be saved an immense amount of labor.

INDICATED COTTON CROP 11,633,000

(By Associated Press)
Washington, D. C., July 2.—A cotton crop of 11,633,000 is indicated by the report of the census bureau issued today, and the acreage is 34,500,000. The condition on June 25 was 70.3. The acreage and condition by states is as follows:

State	Acreage	Condition
Virginia	47,000	82
North Carolina	1,475,000	67
South Carolina	2,950,000	71
Georgia	5,178,000	69
Florida	191,000	79
Alabama	2,948,000	65
Mississippi	2,814,000	86
Louisiana	1,323,000	74
Texas	11,640,000	72
Arkansas	2,577,000	67
Tennessee	886,000	70
Missouri	150,000	75
Oklahoma	2,745,000	74
California	66,000	93
Arizona	45,000	87
All others	15,000	88

PROHIBITION CONFERENCE.

Several local prohibitionists held a brief conference this morning in Carnegie library and adjourned to a later date to be fixed by President W. B. Bizzell of the A. and M. college. Dr. Bizzell could not be present this morning because of a previous engagement and as the desire for prohibition rests much upon its relation to the college, his presence is particularly desired.

PLANS ARE COMPLETED FOR BRAZOS SINGERS

Thousands Are to be Entertained by Bryan Citizens

All arrangements have been made and the committees are at work on the Brazos County Singing convention which will meet in Bryan, Saturday and Sunday, July 7th and 8th.

Regardless of the limited time in which to pull things together, the general appointed committee, together with the president of the Woman's club, Mrs. Tyler Haswell, and the president of the Reading club, Mrs. Louise Gunter, at a meeting yesterday afternoon got down to business and put on a little speed which will round things up by Saturday morning when Bryan will open her arms to the singers of Brazos county for a two days' session.

Realizing the magnitude of the undertaking, arrangements are being made for thousands instead of hundreds each day, and the people of Bryan will do their "bit" and do it gladly as they do in all things when called upon. A magnificent basket dinner each day supplemented with some choice barbecued beef, mutton, etc., will constitute the menu. All delegates, visiting singers and as many others as possible will be cared for in the homes of our citizens Saturday night. A special committee is looking after this important feature and assignments will be made Saturday morning.

The Bryan choir will take part in the song services and respond at the call of the president.

At four o'clock Saturday afternoon the delegates and officers of the association will be the guests of the Bryan and Brazos County Commercial club for three hours. The first feature of this special entertainment will be a fifteen mile ride over Bryan's paved streets and to the A. and M. college and upon return to Bryan will be given a melon party after which the delegates will be carried to homes assigned them for the night. Secretary Eberstadt is listing cars for this occasion and will need about twenty-five cars to handle the delegates. A complete program for the two days will be arranged Friday afternoon and the Bryan people are urged to take an active part in all the proceedings.

The committees are as follows: General Chairman of Arrangements—Judge J. T. Maloney.

Grounds—Roy Hudspeth, R. O. Allen, J. D. Martin, S. E. Eberstadt.

Meats—C. A. Buchanan, W. I. McCulloch, H. P. Dansby, J. B. Priddy, Ben Powers, J. D. Conlee.

Baskets—Mrs. Tyler Haswell, Mrs. J. L. Brock, Mrs. E. H. Astin, Mrs. John A. Moore, Mrs. A. J. Buchanan, Mrs. L. L. McInnis, Mrs. John Allen, Mrs. J. L. Edge.

Choir—Mrs. Louise Hunter, Mrs. H. O. Boatwright, Mrs. J. B. Priddy, Miss Mary McInnis, Mrs. Allen Smith, Mrs. T. K. Lawrence.

Finance—E. W. Crenshaw, J. L. Edge, S. B. Wilson, J. Tom Smith, W. O. Holmes.

Reception—James W. James and all members of the Bryan Commercial club and their wives.

GERMAN EDITOR ATTACKS GOVERNMENT

Copenhagen, July 4.—Theodor Wolff, editor-in-chief of the Berliner Tageblatt, in an article characterizes the German system of government as a "conservative bureaucratic regime where parliament may only talk but has no voice in affairs and where decisions of war and peace are taken in secret without any co-operative representatives of the people."

The reichstag franchise may be as the Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung lately asserted, the most liberal in the world, but, says Herr Wolff, this franchise is deprived of value by a cunning division of electoral districts. Herr Wolff concludes that unless the chancellor is prepared to give a plain, open account of peace terms or announcements the introduction of a parliamentary system, he better keep silent. These, the editor says, are the sole possibilities of furthering peace.

The government and the chauvinists, he declares, have already thrown away an excellent chance of a satisfactory peace by adopting a ruthless submarine policy because without entrance of America in the war France and Italy would undoubtedly have been far more ready to consider peace.

In the Vossische Zeitung, George Bernhard contrasts recent semi-official intimations regarding the occurrence of negotiations about American mediation and the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be inadmissible. He declares that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the inauguration of ruthless submarine warfare, which was contrary to all assurances given him and all invitations addressed to him.

"No wonder that such conduct contributed to exciting the American war feeling, hardly less than the offer of American soil to Mexico—a question in regard to which the reichstag should also insist upon further enlightenment," says Herr Bernhard.

BRYAN'S OBSERVANCE OF FOURTH IS QUIET

Chief Celebration Was by the Bohemians Who Had Basket Picnic and Barbecue, and a Miscellaneous Program in Western Part of City—Stores and Public Offices Closed for the Day.

OVER THREE HUNDRED HOMES ARE DESTROYED

Number of Dead in East St. Louis Estimated From 20 to 250

(By Associated Press)

East St. Louis, July 3.

—Fire started by rioters

in the negro shacks is

spreading. Two fire

companies have been

called from St. Louis to

assist. The bodies of

negroes found this after-

noon increased the dead

list to twenty-seven.

East St. Louis, July 3.—Three hundred and ten dwellings, mostly negro shacks, valued at \$310,000, were destroyed by fire in last night's rioting, according to Fire Chief Tobin.

The estimate of the number of dead varied widely from a score to two hundred and fifty. Twenty were known to be dead and a number of bodies are supposed to have been burned in the negro shacks destroyed last night. Further shooting was reported to the police this morning but without details. The causes underlying the disturbance are said to be the bringing of negroes here from the south, where, it is alleged, they took the places of whites enlisted in the army. The first trouble occurred in May, when three negroes were shot and wounded in a riot.

Negroes by the scores were seen walking out of town today in fear of a repetition of last night's race rioting. One group was attacked by whites in the railroad yards. Militiamen fired rifles in the air, dispersing the whites.

Three cases of smallpox developed over night among the negroes quarantined in the city hall.

GREECE CONSIDERS A STATE OF WAR EXISTS

Likely Recall Representatives to Central Powers

(By Associated Press)

Athens, June 29.—Although war has not yet been declared, the Greek government considers that a state of war exists. Since its advent to power yesterday the recall of the Greek diplomatic representatives accredited to the central powers and their allies is imminent.

A band composed of several of the A. and M. college boys and led by John Kranek, furnished music, and several songs were given by the Smetana children and a male choir composed of Smetana men under the leadership of Prof. Kananka. Children from Smetana, Riverside and Rye gave several songs in chorus, a number of recitations, and the Riverside children went through in splendid style a flag drill. The program was closed with the singing of the Slavonian national hymn, which was given with gusto and enthusiasm.

WATERS PIERCE BACK.

Austin, Texas, July 4.—An application was filed Tuesday in the Twenty-sixth district court for a reformation of the judgment in the ouster suit of the State of Texas against the Waters Pierce Oil company so as to permit another foreign corporation that may have acquired the property of the Waters Pierce Oil company to obtain a permit to do business in Texas.

The other corporation is the Pierce Oil corporation, chartered under the laws of Virginia, with headquarters at Richmond.

The Thirty-fifth legislature passed a law which authorizes the transfer of the property of a defunct corporation that has been ousted for the violation of the anti-trust laws to another foreign corporation, but the latter must show that it is independently owned before it is permitted to do business in Texas.

College Buildings Named by Board

At the meeting of the board of directors of the Agricultural and Mechanical college, held in Austin Saturday, most of the time was taken up in a discussion of the new college at Abilene, although nothing could be done towards planning of grounds and buildings. The terms of the contract call for a supply of mountain water, and until the Abilene people make good on this feature it can scarcely be expected that the board will take any definite steps.

The bids for the new \$100,000 building were opened and all rejected because they were found to be too high. The building was named Bizzell hall in honor of President W. B. Bizzell.

The new veterinary building, now in course of construction, was named Francis hall in honor of Dr. Mark Francis, who has been at the head of the veterinary department for a long time and connected with the college for upwards of thirty years.

The budget, amounting to about \$400,000 a year, was passed for the two years.

The next meeting will be held at the college within thirty days.

EDITORIAL DEPARTMENT OF THE BRYAN WEEKLY EAGLE

Brazil and Latin America

Brazil's participation in the war to the extent of using her navy to assist in keeping the South Atlantic clear of German raiders, may have a more far-reaching effect on the history of the American continent than is perceptible at the first glance. Germany got crosswise with Brazil through the former's ruthless disregard for neutrals and everybody else. Germany, it must be understood, can conceive of no idea but her own being the right idea. The official German believes in his soul that whatever Germany does is bound to be right, no matter how much other peoples may be made to suffer. "The Prussians," said the British premier, Lloyd George, "have many virtues, but a sense of humility has never been among them." While much sport has been made of the Kaiser's supposed utterances in the famous poem, "Mein Gott," nevertheless the sentiments of that poem absolutely reflect the official German mind, just as much as language can reflect a thought. None not knowing the German official can conceive of how wholly impressed with his own importance he is. It is an actual fact that he regards himself as the cock of the world and that God has designed him to rule the world and be His special representative on earth. The Kaiser believes this with his whole soul. He is in earnest when he says it, ridiculous as it looks to the rest of the world. No matter how cruel, ruthless, low, dirty, ugly, lying or mean the German may be in his official or war capacity, he thinks he is obeying the dictates of God to conquer the world. It is Don Quixote over again on a hugely magnified scale.

It is this attitude toward the remainder of the world that has lined up every country against Germany since the beginning of the war. Next to the United States, Brazil is the greatest American nation that has entered the war against Germany, unless we consider Canada, which entered as a part of Great Britain. Brazil has long been a republic, having one summer day years ago extended his hat to the emperor and politely inquired if he need hasten his trip to Spain, or wherever it was he went for an indefinite vacation. There have been no monarchies in the Americas since that day, at least none in name. Since the United States built the Panama canal and to the query, "Am I my brother's keeper," answered in the affirmative, there has been a steady of the politics of the Latin Americas and revolutions have ceased to be of such daily occurrences. Dignity and stability have been given these republics, and they have mostly lined up with the United States and Brazil in the contest now engaging the attention of the world. But, recollecting the genial trade relations with Germany prior to the war and perhaps influenced now by German agents and German money, many of these little republics are hesitating. They are afraid the water is cold. They fear that Germany might win and then they would be made to suffer. Germany would not only insist upon their trade and get it, but in time would ruthlessly take their governments from them and settle their lands and towns with German colonists. There would be only one ruling class in the Americas and it would be German. Argentine alone seems to have had none of this fear, for when an Argentine vessel was sunk Germany responded to the protest with an apology and promise of reparation. Germany desires to cultivate the people of Argentine for trade reasons, they producing much wheat and cattle that Germany will need in the days following the war, and which her enemies may not be over glad to provide her with.

But with a big brother like Brazil already in the war, still without a formal declaration, it seems likely that the smaller countries will be less fearful of the results to follow the war. With co-operation and co-ordination in the prosecution of the war against Germany there can be only the defeat of Germany, and that means peace in the world for the centuries to come. It means protection particularly for the little republic to the south of us. It seems unlikely, then, that the proposed conference to be held in a few weeks in which the Latin Americas will participate, will result in nothing less than a moral support at least of the attitude assumed by the United States and Brazil. It seems hardly possible that, with the issues as they are, there can be any other outcome.

With the Latin Americas lined up with the big brothers and all inspired by the great principle of the democratization of the whole world, there is the possibility of the development of an amalgamated America for trade extension and mutual protection that in time would be invincible. It will doubtless develop in due course of time that the authorities at Washington, who have long since had this in mind, will take steps to make the future sure and aid in the establishment of an American family of nations whose single and multiplied interests will be the single and multiplied interests of all.

When Private Enterprise is a Public Benefactor

Allen Smith is a public benefactor. He is an assistant to the Texas Agricultural and Mechanical college without any official title or appointment. His establishment is the one thing needed and so often most hard to get in the carrying out of the plans of the college, particularly the extension service. The college agents will go over the country and advise and urge the farmers to plant and produce this, that or the other crop. Then when the harvest time comes the growers find they have no market, or at least no reliable market upon which to sell their crops, the products of their money, time and labor. This has happened many times in Texas and with regard to many different products, it being more trying and disappointing as regards perishable things, such as fruits and potatoes. Fresh fruits particularly and many fresh vegetables, like tomatoes, must be moved in a hurry in order to get them to the ultimate consumer before they rot. Hence, that the grower may get ample returns on his investment, there must be markets. These markets must be reliable and trustworthy, for if they are not the growers are generally cheated of their just profits, if they do not lose all, as has happened. In the handling of perishables it has been found best to form an organization of the growers of each community who agree to put an adequate number of acres into some one crop to justify carload shipments. This organization has a secretary who is the market man and looks after the selling end. By keeping in touch by telegraph with conditions in the various cities this secretary is able to direct shipments to the points of least glut.

Another way of handling these perishable products is through such houses as that of Mr. Smith, who, however, confines his activities to poultry and eggs. These merchants purchase sufficient to make up carloads, but not many of them care to handle perishables because they cannot depend upon the growers to cooperate. It has happened in Texas that a sufficient acreage was placed in strawberries to make up a carload a day. When picking time came the growers were indifferent and great difficulty was experienced in getting enough to fill a car, and sometimes this could not be done. Hence, in order to make a success of their own business, the growers must realize that they must cooperate. When the local commission merchant or local manager of an organization is ready to make up a carload of stuff and sends out notices to the growers who are supplying him, they must be ready to work and work in a hurry.

Peas, beans, cowpeas, Irish and sweet potatoes do not demand this sort of handling. The enemies of these products are slower of development and hence there is not the risk or the need of swift action. Peas and beans can be cured and prevented from becoming full of weevils by a simple heating process, which kills the eggs that are laid in the blossom and develop only after the peas and beans are dry. Potatoes rot from too much moisture in them, hence curing plans are devised to dry them, whence they will keep for an almost indefinite period. The growing of peas, beans and potatoes is profitable, just about as profitable as growing poultry, but Bryan has no market for them, outside the table demand.

For the handling of these crops Bryan needs a public benefactor much like Mr. Smith. Mr. Smith is handling close to a million dollars worth of poultry and eggs this year. He makes a profit out of the business, of course, but were he not here and furnishing a market for the poultry men they would not be encouraged to raise poultry and would be getting possibly ten or fifteen cents a dozen for their eggs instead of 25 cents or more, and these would be poor eggs at that, and not very many of them. In short, there would be no poultry industry worth mentioning. The market furnished by Mr. Smith has made the industry what it is in this section. A market for peas, beans, potatoes and other crops of that nature would result in the development of these industries on a profitable scale, and make for Bryan and this section another source through which money from the north would flow. We ought to handle, a couple of million dollars worth of legumes and potatoes and onions in the course of a year on top of a million-dollar poultry industry. And we can do it if we just get hold of one or two public benefactors like Mr. Smith.

Mr. Smith, however, is not the only public benefactor of this kind in Bryan. We have a cottonseed oil mill that buys the seed from the farmers. We have cotton buyers who take all the cotton that is brought to town. We are to have a peanut mill this fall in connection with the cotton oil mill, and the peanuts grown by the farmers will be paid for here. This peanut industry is in its infancy. The acreage in Brazos county is large, but it remains to be seen as to what its value to the county will be. However, it cannot be an entire failure and should there be good profit in it farmers will be expected to keep on with it. In time this should be a million-dollar industry, too, if it does not prove to be that this fall.

Cattle and hogs should find a market here, even if the city has to erect an abattoir as Paris, Texas, has done. More hay should be grown for market in this county, and the market should be provided. Perhaps, if one should take the time a long list of possibilities could be written for every one of which, were a good staple market provided, a public benefactor would be developed and the benefactor would make his own way. Any legitimate enterprise that develops a supporting industry is a public benefactor.

FERGUSON'S BOARDS NOT SATISFACTORY

Washington, June 28.—Selection of exemption boards for the state of Texas, it developed today, caused the provost marshal general's department more trouble than all the other states combined. A number of complaints were registered against Governor Ferguson's recommendations, and many charges were made before the list was given to the public as final.

In most states the governors selected the sheriffs, the county clerks and a physician to comprise the boards. This plan was not followed in Texas, but all boards were recommended without regard to county officers. The provost marshal general was not interested in the political complexion of the boards, but wanted to know that they were men who could be relied upon to carry out the government's wishes in an accurate enforcement of the regulations. While it is admitted that many of the boards Governor Ferguson rendered are comprised of men above reproach, nevertheless charges were made from certain localities that partiality was shown. In instances where the fears were shown to be well founded, it is understood new recommendations were invited. It may be said, however, that the complaints are in nowise unusual.

One of the reasons expressed by the governors in selecting county officers was to bring the matter of exemptions close to the people, but in declining to follow that plan, Governor Ferguson undoubtedly met the hopes of many county officials in Texas. Letters reached Washington while appointment of boards was being considered, from county officers, expressing the hope that they would be omitted. Local prejudices are bound to be strong by reason of claims for exemption not being accepted at par, they urged, and it would place them in embarrassing positions when the next campaign came around.

The people may understand, according to explanations given by the department, that the local boards have little or no discretion, but that practically all the discretionary power lodged at all will be with the appeal boards. For that reason, the department is exercising care in selecting members of the appeal boards.

Singing Convention Invited to Bryan

A meeting of the entertainment committee of the business club was held Thursday evening in the club rooms with J. C. Cloud of the Brazos County Singing convention. It was decided to extend an invitation to the society to meet in Bryan and the date was fixed for Saturday and Sunday, July 7 and 8. The committee has not completed arrangements for handling the convention, to which about 1,000 people are expected, but it is suggested that the courthouse might be utilized. The people will bring basket dinners and all the local people would be expected to furnish would be a room for the meeting, ice water, tables and rest rooms. The suggestion has been made that a tent might be hired and fitted with plank seats for the use of the convention.

Singers Accept the Bryan Invitation

To the Singers of Brazos County: On account of the unprecedented drought which now prevails, and on account of the frequent and urgent appeals from our government to practice economy in every way possible we fully realize that no one rural community in the county could, without great sacrifice, entertain the county singing convention which has been called off at Alexander; and, because of the ample facilities and cordial invitation we hereby accept the request of the Bryan people to meet with them on July 7 and 8. Let each choirster see that all song books from his choir are on hand. Wherever possible prepare special song books. We anticipate a great time. Most respectfully, J. C. CLOUD, President Brazos County Singing Convention.

AMERICAN AVIATORS FIGHT

Paris, June 29.—Corporal James Norman Hall, American aviator and member of the Lafayette flying squadron, who had been reported killed in an encounter with German airplanes, fortunately has escaped death. Though he is badly wounded, there are hopes of his recovery.

Hall was flying over the German lines when attacked by a German biplane. After a hot encounter seven other German machines came to the assistance of the biplane and in this unequal fight Hall was shot through the lung. He managed with great courage and coolness to bring his machine down within the French lines. He fainted before landing, but had strength enough and presence of mind to cut off the gasoline and ease the landing so that the machine was not destroyed.

Hall was picked up and taken to the Soissons hospital, where he now is under treatment.

HOUSE RECESSES

(By Associated Press) Washington, June 29.—The house has agreed to a series of three-day recesses until July nine.

NO LONGER NEUTRAL

Rio Janeiro, June 29.—Brazil has revoked her decree of neutrality in the war between the entente allies and Germany.

NO MORE ENLISTMENTS FOR ENGINEER CORPS

A. S. Adams, with whom the war department representatives have been in communication relative to enlistments in the engineers reserve corps, is just in receipt of a letter advising him to notify those who have made application for enlistment to appear for the physical examination. Four or five Bryan men made such applications. This letter also states that no more enlistments will be accepted at present. The letter is from Major E. N. Johnston at Galveston, who says: "Instructions have been received from the chief of engineers, U. S. army, to discontinue enlistments for the engineer enlisted reserve corps, but to compile lists of all applicants who may be qualified for this branch of the service with view of enlistment later. I will therefore request you to forward to this office any applications you have, and that you may receive hereafter, and they will be considered when recruiting for the Engineer corps is resumed, which it is expected will be in August or first part of September."

"I wish to thank you for your valuable assistance in this work, and I assure you that you have been of patriotic service to the country."

"No instructions have as yet been received for calling men previously enlisted into active service but it is expected they will be mustered in before August 5th."

"First to Fight" in France From Texas

Among the especially selected officers who are to be first to fight for the stars and stripes on the firing line in France are some young men from Texas. The following officers have gone with a regiment of United States marines which forms a part of the first American overseas contingent:

Frank William Wilson, born October 14, 1893, at Avalon; John Thaddeus Walker, born September 15, 1893, at Azle; Durant Samuel Buchanan, born March 11, 1897, at Bryan; John Franklin Blanton, born February 18, 1896, at Hewitt. All recently received appointments as second lieutenants and were assigned to active service.

Mr. Buchanan is the son of M. G. Buchanan of Harvey, and nephew of A. J. Buchanan of Bryan. He graduated at A. and M. May 5, this year, and is about 21 years of age.

The "Soldiers of the Sea" are the oldest branch of the military service, and they have a splendid history. Their activities date back to 1775, and since that time they have been first to fight for America in many countries. The Texas officers will doubtless continue to uphold the motto of the marines—"Always Faithful."

Judge Morehead Now Presides in District

District court in Robertson county having adjourned last week, the legal formalities connected with the change of the district have been completed. Under the law creating a judicial district of Robertson and Brazos counties, it was specified that should there be court in session at the time the law became effective, June 23, that court should continue to adjourn. Hence, when Judge Watson adjourned court in Robertson county last week, he stepped down and out of this district and Judge Henry Morehead is now in charge.

In order to save the county the expense of boarding cases of misdemeanor prisoners who cannot make bond, an effort is to be made to have Judge Morehead come here on one day in each week between terms and receive pleas of guilty, and let these prisoners get to work on the roads instead of lying in jail for two or three months.

Corns Loosen Off With Magic "Gets-It"

2 Drops Do the Work, Painlessly. "I tell you, before I heard of 'Gets-It' I used to try one thing after another for corns. I still had them. I used bandages and they made my



corns drive you mad! Try "Gets-It" and they'll peel right off! too so big it was murder to put on my shoe. I used knives and other things that ate off more of the toe than they did the corn. I'd cut and dig with knives and scissors, but now no more fooling for me. Two drops of "Gets-It" did all the work. It makes the corn shrivel and get so loose that you can just pick it right off with your fingers!"

There has been nothing new discovered for corns since "Gets-It" was born. It's the new way, the common-sense, simple, sure way. "Gets-It" is sold everywhere, 25c a bottle, or sent on receipt of price by E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago, Ill.

Sold in Bryan and recommended as the world's best corn remedy by E. J. Jenkins, M. H. James and N. A. Stewart.

WOMEN'S CLUB PRIZES GIVEN BRAZOS GIRLS

In the Woman's club contest, held in the courthouse this morning, judges awarded prizes to the Brazos county canning club girls as follows: First prize for canned goods—Willie Bullock; second, Bessie Fuller.

First prize for green vegetables, Agnes Conway; second, Winnie Mathis. Prize for shirt waist made by girl under 18, Vesta Pate; special prize, Bertie Risinger.

The prizes are scholarships to the Farmers Short course to be given beginning at the end of July and continuing four weeks. At that short course Dean Kyle announced that there would be an exhibit by counties of the products of the canning clubs of the state, and that probably three girls would be permitted to represent each county. For the best scoring made as a county exhibit a large silver cup has been offered by Frank Holland of Farm and Ranch. The dean exhibited the cup at the exercises this morning, which were held at 10 o'clock. Mrs. A. J. Buchanan presided and addresses were made by Miss Jessie Harris, Dean Kyle and Rev. Randolph Ray, after which the canning club girls and several rural friends were taken to the Hotel Bryan for dinner.

Owing to the drouth there were but three exhibits of canned goods and the green vegetable exhibit, while showing a large number of attempts, was poor as to quality because of lack of rain. Everything was skimpy and sad looking, but the varieties of vegetables and fruits shown numbered thirty-four.

In the exhibits of canned goods, all under the 4-H brand, Willie Bullock had 65 specimens, Bessie Fuller 59 and Agnes Conway 67. Each girl was given a raised stand upon which she placed her glass jars of vegetables canned in all sorts of shapes, and fruits as preserves, juices and vinegars.

Mrs. Buchanan, in commenting on the work of the girls, praised them not only for the excellence of their work, and the praise was just, but because they were not daunted in the face of discouraging drouths and for persistence under difficulties. She expressed the wish that every girl could have a scholarship but more so that they could have a hero medal for the work they have done this year.

Miss Jessie Harris of the A. and M. college gave a talk on bread in these times. She declared that corn is the best substitute for wheat and next to that she considers rice best, particularly the brown or unpolished rice, the process of polishing taking away the best part of the grain and when eaten to excess causing beri beri. Cottonseed flour she declared is not a substitute for wheat at all, but is a substitute for meat, cheese and the like. She distributed some government bulletins giving recipes for corn meal. At the conclusion she asked the canning club girls to stand up and make their bow to the Woman's club for the assistance it had given them, and they did so.

Preceding his address on better living on the farm Dean Kyle distributed a sheet of recipes which his wife had prepared. He praised the Woman's club for the work it has been doing and said that he does not know of any community in Texas where the women are doing more for the rural betterment than are these of Bryan.

He compared the old conditions on the farm, those of isolation and hard work that took more farm women to the insane asylums than from any other vocation with those of the present. The change he attributed largely to the work of the land grant colleges like A. and M., and to the work of the press, particularly that of the agricultural press. Later the great extension movement has rendered valuable help and is doing more all the time. The innovation of the telephone and the automobile had shortened distances and made life more enjoyable and variable.

Rev. Ray spoke on the American Red Cross and the work it is doing in the war. He said that in the organization in this county there had been obtained 1100 members up to the present time and this is better than had been expected in the short time the work has been going on. He expressed the hope that within a year there would be a circle at every point in the county and every person should be a member. The local chapter is soon to have an office down town where samples of what are to be made will be exhibited. Among the things the girls and women will be expected to do for the soldiers at the front. In a powerful appeal he urged his hearers to ever carry the optimistic thought that we are going to win this war and assured them and proved by logic that if they did so we would win the war.

This concluded the speaking and the announcement of prizes was made.

STATE FARMERS' INSTITUTE.

(By Associated Press) Austin, Texas, July 2.—Transportation for approximately 3,000 delegates to the seventh annual meeting of the state farmers institute which is to be held here July 25-27, to be requested shortly by Fred W. Davies, commissioner of agriculture, and president of the institute, of the railroads of Texas.

The recent decision of the Third court of civil appeals holding the section of the anti-pass law which exempts delegates to farmers' meetings as unconstitutional will not effect these delegates. It is said, since the supreme court has not yet passed on that feature and is not expected to act before October.

RUB-MY-TISM

Will cure Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Headaches, Cramps, Colic Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Burns, Old Sores, Tetter, Ring-Worm, Eczema, etc. Antiseptic Anodyne, used internally or externally. 25c

Fosters Weather Bulletin for Week

Washington, D. C., June 30.—Last bulletin gave forecasts of disturbance to cross continent June 30 to July 4, warm wave 29 to July 3, cool wave 12 to 6. This will be the most important storm of the crop season. The location of its rains will largely determine the corn crop, the northern part of the oats crop and the timothy hay and seed crop.

Unusually severe storms are expected with this great disturbance accompanied by rains and hail. It is not possible to exactly locate these dangerous storms, nor the rains and hail accompanying them. But they are not expected to be general. Evidently it is too late for oats to be benefited and heavy rains and hail would damage the oats crop.

Some parts of the corn crop will be benefited by the rains, but those corn sections that do not get rain from these storms may expect July drouth. We are not expecting July to be a good corn month. Large sections are expected to be too dry and the lack of rains from this storm will indicate the dry sections. Timothy hay is very high and these storms will probably make it higher as they will strike the new crop while timothy is in bloom; not a good thing for the crop.

Next warm wave will reach Vancouver about July 5 and temperatures will rise on all the Pacific slope. It will cross crest of Rockies by close of July 6, plains sections 7, meridian 90, great lakes and Ohio valleys 8, eastern sections 9, reaching vicinity of Newfoundland near July 10. Storm wave will follow about one day behind warm wave and cool wave about one day behind storm wave.

Temperatures of this and the preceding storm will average a little above normal. This storm will develop its greatest force west of meridian 90 and its greatest rains east of that line. From July 10 to 18 temperatures will average below normal. Then a hot wave near July 20, followed by an increase in storm forces. This storm will bring some rains, probably to the sections where rains fell during first week in July. Other sections will suffer with drouth. The storms and rains of July will cluster around July 2 and 20 and the locations of these rains will largely determine the crop of 1917.

At this writing—June 17—the great drouth dragon is prominent off our Atlantic coasts and we are receiving letters from the south and southwest saying the drouth is burning them out. The cotton states and the plains sections are now dying out because of the dry breath of the drouth dragon. But the damage is not great at this time; in some parts it is a benefit.

SEVENTY-FIVE ENROLL

Brenham, Texas, June 28.—Seventy-five recruits have been secured during a short period of time by Lieutenant David R. Nelson, and the most of them have reported for duty.

No. 666

This is a prescription prepared especially for MALARIA or CHILLS & FEVER. Five or six doses will break any case, and if taken then as a tonic the Fever will not return. It acts on the liver better than Calomel and does not gripe or sicken. 25c

Parker-Astin Hdwe. Co.

BRYAN
Sell the Champion Cream Saver
THE

NEW DE LAVAL

BUTTER made from De Laval separated cream has won first prize at every convention of the National Creamery Buttermakers' Association for the last twenty-five years, as well as in every other important contest, and you must admit that this fact can mean but one thing—

The De Laval user gets not only more cream, but better cream

De Laval-separated cream is better simply because the construction of the De Laval bowl makes close skimming possible at a speed so low that the butter-fat globules are delivered from the cream spout unbroken.

If you make butter yourself, or if you ship to a creamery and want the highest rating for your cream, you cannot afford to use any separator but the De Laval.

Have you seen the NEW De Laval? The new self-centering bowl with its patented milk distributor is the greatest improvement that has been made in cream separator construction in the last thirty years and we'd like to have a chance to show you how it works. The NEW De Laval also contains many other important improvements that we know will interest you.



AUTO LICENSE PLATES.

Austin, Texas, July 2.—Despite the fact that the new highway commission law, providing that automobile owners in Texas have license plates on the front and rear of their cars, became effective yesterday (Sunday), practically none are so equipped because of delay in receiving the license plates. The licenses will be supplied as rapidly as possible. Meantime, it is announced those who have remitted money for the licenses cannot be held for violating the law.

RAT CORN Kills Rats & Mice

For sale by Steve Montalbano, Pitts Bridge, N. A. Stewart and M. H. James, Bryan; A. J. Edwards, Cawthorn; Goree Neelley, Wellborn; Felton O'Neil, Bryan.



Does Twice the Work of Four Horses

WHICH shall it be: horses at three miles an hour—Smith Form-a-Truck at 12 to 15 miles an hour?

Using Smith Form-a-Truck you can get to town and back carrying twice the load of an ordinary two-horse team, while the horses are going one-quarter of the way in.

The reason is easy to see. Horses travel from three to four miles an hour. Smith Form-a-Truck 12 to 15.

And Smith Form-a-Truck easily hauls twice the load that can be hauled with two good horses.

This means that work you are now doing with two teams you can do with one Smith Form-a-Truck. This not only means a saving in horses, but also the saving of one driver.

And it means even more than this in bad weather, for when your horses are tied up by snow, sleet, or mud, you are still able to drive your Smith Form-a-Truck.

If your farm was only one-quarter as far away from town as it is now, you could get in more often and much more cheaply.

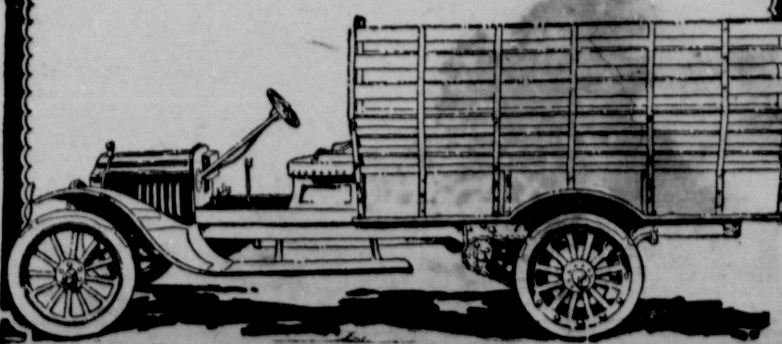
Smith Form-a-Truck really moves your farm much closer to town, when you consider the time it takes to drive in and back again. It has already proved this for thousands of up-to-date, money-making farmers, and will prove it to you in the first week you use it.

Use Any One of Six Chassis

Using any one of six chassis, Smith Form-a-Truck combines with any Ford, Maxwell, Dodge Bros., Buick, Chevrolet or Overland chassis to make a fully guaranteed one-ton truck. It gives you real true construction that will stand up under the hardest hauling you could ever do.

When you are in town drop in and see Smith Form-a-Truck. It will pay you well.

D. D. WHITE





The quicker you take care of that sunburn the easier it will be to relieve it. The prudent thing to do when you go for an outing is to "carry along" our lotions which prevent sunburns and freckles, and our oils which will make Mr. Mosquito travel away when he comes near.

Come in and we will "Fix You Up" for the picnic all right and you can "Rely" on what you buy.

M. H. JAMES

NEGRO SHOOTING AFFRAY.

Sheriff Nunn and assistants went to the Pruitt place near Millican Monday on a report of a negro shooting. He brought back with him a couple of negroes, neither of whom was wounded, but both of whom had shot

at one another, one with a pistol and the other with a shotgun. Charges of aggravated assault were filed against them and they were placed in jail pending the arrangement of bond.

Dr. W. H. Lawrence dental office, top floor new City National bank building, phone 521.

OIL SHOWING IN THE BUZZARD ROOST WELL

Oil was struck Friday in the well being sunk at the Buzzard's Roost pond, in this county. It was only a showing that came up on the water used in drilling but it was sufficient to raise hopes and cause a great deal of excitement. It was found at a depth of about 1300 feet. Hon. Lamar Bethea, who is one of the stockholders, says the log of the well now is most excellent. They are down about 1400 feet now. At a depth of about 1250 feet they passed a deposit of pure asphalt. They have passed through sulphur deposits and are now working in gumbo and rock, having gotten beyond the made earth formations. He says all the geological formations are favorable. Mr. Adams, the chief driller, has been ill for a few days and in town. He has also the contract for sinking the well at the Country club.

BURGLARY IS CHARGED.

Ed Williams, charged with burglary, has been placed in the county jail by Sheriff Nunn. The negro was brought from the Millican neighborhood, where he is charged with having entered the house of Jake Covins and, from which a watch and a bracelet were taken.

Simple, Harmless Treatment for Piles

Don't suffer with pile torture when the means of relief is so handy. M/S PILE OINTMENT is an actual, absolute relief from piles. Gives best results in quickest time. Profit by its timely use. Sold and guaranteed by E. R. Emmel, Druggist.

RULES OF EXEMPTION HAVE BEEN FORMED

Washington, June 29.—Exemption regulations were whipped into final shape at the cabinet meeting. They have now been formally approved and President Wilson probably will promulgate them within the next forty-eight hours.

With few exceptions the rules are the same as contained in the draft submitted to President Wilson by Provost Marshal General Crowder. It is understood the president eliminated certain exemptions, as he is known to hold the belief that every man in the nation must take his share in the war, whether on the battle front or not, and work within the country on war duties will be found for many who are unfit physically to go into the trenches. Information emanating from the white house during the last two days has led to the belief that the draft will be much heavier, eventually, than has been suspected. Instead of merely securing men for the army, many will be drafted for other work in connection with the war.

The grounds on which exemptions will be made became known today. They follow:

1. Physical incapacity. Crippled persons, if drafted, will, of course, have to appear before a medical examiner, but will be immediately excused from service. In the first 625,000 conscripts the following physical ailments will disqualify:

Heart disease, flat feet, eye diseases or derangements which cannot be cured by glasses; tuberculosis and other chest diseases; cancer; serious affection of the kidneys or liver; varicose veins; infectious blood diseases.

2. Employment in vital war industries. These include shipbuilding, munitions making, work in gun factories, navy yards, oil fields, coal mines, certain duties in government departments and certain factory work such as uniform making and work on other army supplies. These latter eventually will be turned over largely to women and the men will be released for army service.

3. The conscription act specifically provides exemption for persons of religious beliefs opposed to war. To secure such exemption, however, a man must have been a member of the faith in question before March 15, 1917.

4. Men the sole support of families. The exemptions enumerated above cover practically the entire field. The regulations to be issued by President Wilson will be long and will go into each exemption at length, dealing with its various phases, explaining under which aspects of it exemption will be granted and under which a claim for exemption will not hold. But, broadly speaking, there will be few roads open for any eligible person to escape service, should he be unpatriotic enough to wish to.

With the publication of the exemption board today the preliminary machinery for handling the draft was almost completed. All that now remains is the publication by the president of rules for the board's guidance and the setting of a day for the draft. The latter will be done within the next two weeks, according to all indications at the white house and war department.

MARRIAGE LICENSES

Carl Pachal and Lena Vernon.
Jim Sealey and Nannie Rogers.
Luther Rogers and Lottie Isbell.
E. L. Watson and Virgie Anderson.

WONDERFUL STUFF! LIFT OUT YOUR CORNS

Apply a few drops then lift corns or calluses off with fingers—no Pain.

No humbug! Any corn, whether hard, soft or between the toes, will loosen right up and lift out without a particle of pain or soreness.

This drug is called freezone and is a compound of ether discovered by a Cincinnati man.

Ask at any drug store for a small bottle of freezone which will cost but a trifle, but is sufficient to rid one's feet of every corn or callus.

Put a few drops directly upon any tender, aching corn or callus. Instantly corn or callus will loosen and can be lifted off with the fingers.

This drug freezone doesn't eat out the corns or calluses but shrivels them without even irritating the surrounding skin.

Just think! No pain at all: no soreness or smarting when applying it or afterwards. If your druggist don't have freezone have him order it for you.—adv.

STOP RAISING COTTON TO CHECK PINK WORM

Austin, June 28.—The menace of the pink boll weevil to Texas cotton fields is brought home to cotton growers by the announcement that the federal government will place an embargo on the raising of cotton in a zone extending many miles up to the Rio Grande river and for a distance of 100 toward the interior of the state. This action of the government has aroused deep concern on the part of the planters in the valley and a delegation composed of Lon Hill of Harlingen, J. L. Landrum, San Benito; C. L. Jessup, W. S. West and S. C. Tucker, Brownsville, came to Austin Wednesday for a conference with the governor and the commissioner of agriculture on the situation.

The pink boll weevil already has done enormous damage to the cotton crops of Mexico, Egypt and India and the government is determined to take drastic steps to save the United States crops from its ravages. That this action will work a hardship on the valley cotton growers where the fields are now whitening with the staple is certain, but in view of the vast destruction wrought by the ordinary weevil throughout the cotton belt in placing an embargo on the growing of cotton in a wide area along the Rio Grande until the pest can be stamped out.

It is not probable the embargo will affect the present crop, but it will prevent any further planting of cotton in the barred zone until the government revokes its order.

Needing Farm Labor? Have You Surplus?

The U. S. department of agriculture and the United States department of labor are working through the U. S. employment service; federal, state and city cooperative systems, state commissioners of labor and agriculture, the state committees on food production and conservation, state agricultural colleges, county organizations and local community committees to supply, as far as possible, a farm hand for every vacancy now on the farm or at harvest time.

Having received certificate of appointment as deputy labor commissioner for Brazos county I kindly ask the cooperation of the people of the county in an endeavor to render the best service possible in this work. It does not come as an added burden, but rather as an additional task to be willingly performed in the service of our country.

The work provides for ascertaining the needs of the farmer, either by assisting him to get needed help or by finding employment for surplus labor. Therefore, every farmer in the county will please report, from time to time, his needs to me that I may the more efficiently serve in helping solve the farm labor problem.

We are warned not to depend too much on the usual local supply of unemployed men, because everybody will be kept busy this year and an unusual amount of shifting of labor is taking place.

Notify your agent at once concerning your needs in this matter.

C. L. BEASON, County Agent.

Date for Canning Demonstration Off

Miss Virginia Spence, who was to conduct a series of canning demonstrations in Bryan the latter part of this week, will be unable to fill her engagement here, on account of the very serious illness of her father, Prof. D. W. Spence, who is at present in the Sealy hospital at Galveston.

The women of Bryan are interested in the canning work, and are disappointed that the date of this public demonstration has been postponed indefinitely. However, great sympathy is felt for Miss Spence and all other members of the family in their anxious solicitude for Prof. Spence, and hope that his recovery may be speedy.

Surgeons agree that in cases of cuts, burns, bruises and wounds, the first treatment is most important. When an efficient antiseptic is applied promptly, there is no danger of infection and the wound begins to heal at once. For use on man or beast, BORONOL is the ideal antiseptic and healing agent. Buy it now and be ready for an emergency. Price 25c, 50c, \$1.00 and \$1.50. Sold by E. J. Jenkins.

REVIVAL AT TABOR

Rev. Charlton Storey will conduct a meeting at Tabor high school starting Sunday night. The meetings will continue nightly for ten days. The meetings were changed to Tabor from Alexander because Tabor is more centrally located and this location will be convenient to the folks living in the Cottonwood community, Harris schoolhouse and Alexander.

ADAMS A MAJOR IN THE ENGINEER CORPS

Now that the city commission has accepted the resignation of City Engineer A. S. Adams that gentleman may enter the engineer corps of the army with the rank of major. Mr. Adams several weeks ago made application direct to the war department for such an appointment, submitting his credentials at the time. He received advice Monday that he had been accepted in every particular except physical examination, regarding which he would hear from the medical officer in Dallas. Yesterday he was in receipt of a letter from the Dallas medical examiner instructing him to be on hand there next Friday, July 6. As Mr. Adams has all the outward appearance of being able to meet the requirements of the physical examination, it is quite likely that he will receive the appointment of major in the engineer corps. Such a position is not only a highly responsible one, but is quite a lucrative one as well.

College Directors Are to Meet Friday

Judge John I. Guion, of Ballinger, president of the board of directors of the Agricultural and Mechanical college of Texas, has called a meeting of the board at College Station, for Friday morning, June 29. A large amount of business, largely of a routine nature, will be considered by the board. Contracts will be let for a new dormitory, and the annual report and budget of President W. B. Bizzell will receive attention.

The members of the board are as follows:

John I. Guion, of Ballinger, president; E. H. Austin, of Bryan; L. J. Hart, of San Antonio; J. R. Kubone, of Fayetteville; W. A. Miller, of Amarillo; H. A. Breihan, of Bartlett; A. B. Davidson, of Cuero; F. M. Law, of Houston; John T. Dickson, of Paris.

NEW DISTRICT COURT CASES

Two divorce cases have just been filed with Clerk Barron of the district court. S. A. Free seeks a divorce from Beatrice Free and Sara Birdwell from Haywood Birdwell.

County court cases filed on the criminal docket recently and transferred to the district court include a charge against Henry Moehlman of unlawfully carrying a pistol in which he has made bond; Milton Dodson for aggravated assault in which he has made bond in the sum of \$100, and against a negro boy, Ocle Brown, for theft. He is lying in jail. The particular theft with which he is charged is that of a key to the store of Dr. Odom at Kurten. While the doctor was temporarily in the store a few evenings ago he left the key in the door, and when he went to lock up it was gone. This boy had been hanging around and as suspicion rested on him he was searched and the key found. No attempt at entering the store had yet been made. He is about 16 years of age.

COTTON SUPPLY IS LOW
London, June 29.—Cotton imports in recent weeks have fallen below the point necessary to meet the demands of all the mills and stocks consequently are being depleted, said George Henry Roberts, parliamentary secretary to the board of trade in replying to a question in the house of commons today. Steps were being taken by the government to increase the imports of cotton as far as possible, added Mr. Roberts.

LEMONS WHITEN AND BEAUTIFY THE SKIN

Make This Beauty Lotion Cheaply for Your Face, Neck, Arms and Hands.

At the cost of a small jar of ordinary cold cream one can prepare a full quart pint of the most wonderful lemon skin softener and complexion beautifier, by squeezing the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white. Care should be taken to strain the juice through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp gets in, then this lotion will keep fresh for months. Every woman knows that lemon juice is used to bleach and remove such blemishes as freckles, sallowness and tan and is the ideal skin softener, whitener and beautifier.

Just try it! Get three ounces of orchard white at any drug store and two lemons from the grocer and make up a quart pint of this sweetly fragrant lemon lotion and massage it daily into the face, neck, arms and hands. It is marvelous to smoothen rough, red hands. Adv.

CALOMEL SALIVATES AND MAKES YOU SICK

Acts Like Dynamite on a Sluggish Liver and You Lose a Day's Work.

There's no reason why a person should take sickening, salivating calomel when 50 cents buys a large bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone—a perfect substitute for calomel.

It is a pleasant, vegetable liquid which will start your liver just as surely as calomel, but it doesn't make you sick and can not salivate.

Children and grown folks can take Dodson's Liver Tone, because it is perfectly harmless.

Calomel is a dangerous drug. It attacks mercury and attacks your bones. Take a dose of nasty calomel today and you will feel weak, sick and nauseated tomorrow. Don't lose a day's work. Take a spoonful of Dodson's Liver Tone instead and you will wake up feeling great. No more biliousness, constipation, sluggishness, headache, coated tongue or sour stomach. Your druggist says if you don't find Dodson's Liver Tone acts better than horrible calomel your money is waiting for you.

SECOND CONTINGENT OF AMERICANS ARRIVE

A French Seaport, June 28.—The second contingent of American troops arrived and disembarked Wednesday. The troops landed amid the frantic cheers of the people who had gathered for hours before in anticipation of duplicating Tuesday's surprise.

Enthusiasm rose to fever pitch when it was learned that the transports and convoys had successfully passed the submarine zone. The port was suddenly beflagged in honor of the occasion.

All the troops now arrived were transferred Wednesday to a camp not far distant from this point where Major General William L. Sibert is installed. Thence they probably will go soon to a point near the front. All the troops are in excellent shape, enthusiastic over the successful trip and the reception, and eager for action.

Major General Pershing, the American commander, is expected Thursday.

The harbor is dotted with convoys. The streets are filled with soldiers in khaki and with bluejackets. Great numbers of trucks are transporting immense supplies to the camp in which the troops are concentrating.

NURSE REPORTS FOR DUTY

Miss Mary Josephine Barker, Red Cross nurse, 450 May street, left Tuesday night for Fort Bliss to report for duty. She expects to be assigned to immediate duty in France.

Miss Barker is a graduate of St. Joseph's infirmary of the class of 1911, of which she was valedictorian. She won the Bacon Saunders gold medal for general proficiency in this class.—Fort Worth Star-Telegram.

Miss Barker has been guest of Mrs. W. P. Jones, mother of her deceased fiancé, during the past and has made many friends while visiting here.

DENNY-CAVITT

Miss Catherine Cavitt and Mr. Robert Evans Denny were married at Wheelock, Wednesday at 11 a. m. Rev. Charlton Storey of the First Presbyterian church, Bryan, performing the ceremony. After the ceremony the young folks left for a honeymoon trip through Georgia and Tennessee and will reside in Virginia, where Dr. Denny is Y. M. C. A. secretary at the Virginia Polytechnic institute. The bride is the daughter of Mrs. Beulah A. Cavitt of Wheelock and is connected with the Bryan Cavitts.

ENDED HIS OWN LIFE

Temple, Texas, July 3.—Near Rogers 12 miles south of here Saturday Marshall P. McCain, a farmer, residing in that vicinity, suicided by shooting himself through the head with a pistol. An inquest conducted by Justice of the Peace Gibson was held and a verdict of suicide returned. The cause of the deed has not been determined. McCain was 31 years of age.

Want Ad Department

LAND FOR SALE—640 acres in Madison county on Navasota river. Has large amount of valuable timber; suitable for hog or cattle ranch. Sandy loam soil, and can be made a splendid farm. Within three miles of two railroads. For early sale, terms \$8.00 per acre, one-half cash. Apply to Turner Real Estate & Abstract Co., Madisonville, Texas. d39—11

STRAYED OR STOLEN—One squirrel gray and fawn colored Jersey cow; extra large. No mark nor brand. Will pay for any information concerning same. M. W. Sims. w42d39pd

SACKS WANTED—We pay the highest market price. H. T. Lawler Milling & Trading Co., Bryan, Texas. d48w43

Try This on Your Eczema
Buy a jar of Dry Zensal if you have any of the crusty, scaly skin troubles. If you have weeping skin or the watery eruption, get moist Zensal. 75 cents the jar.

Smith Drug Co.

We Believe We Have the Best Values Obtainable in Hats

Men's Straw Hats in all the latest styles, Panamas, Milan, domestic and imported, from \$4.00 to 75c.

Children's Straw and Cloth Hats, all styles at reduced prices.

Just received a beautiful line of Corset Covers in combinations of China Silk and Shadow Lace, in flesh and white, \$1.00 values 75c.

Boy's Wash Pants, Imitation Palm Beach, in solid colors and stripes, 85c values, special 65c.

See them and you'll believe the same.

Dress Gingham, 75 patterns to select from, Special 11 cts per yard.

Children's Dresses in Scotch Plaid Gingham, solid color Chambrays and suitings and white Organdies, exceptional values, priced from \$2.50 to 50c.

Men's Palm Beach Style Suits, well made and finished, a good \$4.50 value, special \$3.95.

Men's High Grade Wash Pants, good enough for any body, well made and finished with belt straps and side buckles, a \$2.75 value, priced at \$2.10.

We are still selling men's best quality Khaki work Pants at \$1.00.

DALY DRY GOODS CO.

WE HAVE THE GOODS—LET US SHOW YOU

NUNN RIGHT BEHIND PAMELIA ALL TIME

Rumors and surmises concerning the capture of Frank Pamela, charged with warrant on the morning of June 13, did not prove correct. Sheriff Nunn got in late Saturday evening with his prisoner, having brought him from Littleton, Colorado. The sheriff in this case demonstrated two things: He knows how to keep his mouth shut when occasion demands, and he is a clever detective.

"According to the story the boy told me on our way from Colorado," said the sheriff in telling the tale to The Eagle, "the affair started in the bottom. A man whose name he gave me accused him of stealing a watch. He was followed and Pamela was shot in the left hand. This was some time prior to the killing, but it rankled in his breast. He had been hunting on the day of the killing and brought his coat and gun into town, leaving them at John Nunn's meat market. The affair in the bottoms occurred at night and as he did not know him except in a hazy sort of way, he was surprised when I asked him if he knew he shot the wrong man. He shrugged his shoulders and said he was sorry but it could not be helped now. He thought he saw him on the street and determined right then to kill him, so he told me. He went down to Saladiner's where he had left some cartridges, got two of them, took them to the market, loaded his gun and stood for some time on the walk in the front of the First National bank waiting for him to come along. Eventually he found him, as he supposed. I asked him if the man protested to him that he was not the one he wanted, but he says he did not know that he did.

"After the shooting he got away through the alley and that night went to his home where his mother fitted him out with clothing and he took a freight train as it was climbing the hill near his home, and beat his way to Fort Worth. I got trace of him in Fort Worth. That was the first time I had heard directly of him. I sent descriptions of him and used the telegraph freely, communicating both with sheriffs and recruiting officers. From Sheriff Jones at Oklahoma City I received a telegram that Pamela had enlisted there in the regular army and had been sent to Fort Logan, Colorado. He did not change his name, and that was the way the sheriff got onto it. The names of those who enlist are printed in the Oklahoma City papers and the sheriff saw where Frank Pamela of Bryan, Texas, had enlisted and been accepted and sent to Fort Logan.

"I wired the commandant at Fort Logan to look out for him, giving a description, making particular reference to his wounded left hand. When he got there with others the officer required them all to hold up their hands, palms out, and immediately he picked out Pamela. He then sent me this telegram:

"Fort Logan, Colo., June 24.—T. C. Nunn, Sheriff Brazos county, Texas: Frank Pamela arrested here and confined in post guard house. Will be turned over to sheriff at Denver when called for. GETTY."

"I next received the following telegram: 'Littleton, Colo., June 25.—T. C. Nunn, Sheriff Brazos county, Texas: We have your man, Frank Pamela, in our jail at Littleton, Colo. He will waive extradition. Let us know when you will come after him. Edward F. Burden, Sheriff.'"

"I had, however, taken steps prior to this to go after him and left for Colorado, going via Austin for requisition papers, on Sunday, June 23." Mr. Nunn spent a part of a day in Denver where he was royally entertained by the undersheriff, who carried him about the city in an automobile and assisted him in getting his requisition papers straightened up and rendered all sorts of friendly service. The trip home was without incident. He got in Saturday evening, as stated, and put his prisoner in the county jail.

SHE DERIVED WONDERFUL BENEFIT.

Weak, overworked or deranged kidneys permit impurities to remain in the system and cause rheumatic pains, backache, pains in sides, stiff and sore joints and muscles. Mrs. A. G. Wells, Rocky Mount, N. C., writes: "I cannot praise Foley Kidney Pills enough for the wonderful benefit I derived by their use." M. H. James.

STATE FARMERS UNION AUG. 14-16

Fort Worth, Texas, July 3.—President Henry N. Pope of the State Farmers' union today issued the official call for the fifteenth annual convention of the organization, to be held in Dallas, August 14-16.

The basis of representation is four delegates from each county, as usual, and all legal district delegates advisory. Call your county meeting, select your delegate and send names to the state secretary at the earliest possible date.

An urgent invitation is extended to all district unions of Texas to meet with the state union at Dallas.

When you feel lazy, out of sorts and yawn a good deal in the daytime, you can charge it to a torpid liver which has allowed the system to get full of impurities. HERBINE cures all disorders produced by an inactive liver. It strengthens that organ, cleanses the bowels and puts the system in good healthy condition. Price 50c. Sold by M. H. James.

FRENCH INSTRUCTOR AT CAMP.

San Antonio, Texas, July 4.—Lieutenant Ducos of the French flying corps reported at headquarters of the Southern department Tuesday for duty as instructor in the army aviation post at Camp Kelly. Lieutenant Ducos is one of the 12 air pilots sent to this country by France to train army aviators in combat flying.

SIXTEEN WOMEN STUDY AT A. AND M. COLLEGE

There are now sixteen young women studying rural home economics in the summer session of the agricultural and mechanical college of Texas. This course, which is taught by Miss Cornelia Simpson, expert demonstrator in home economics, is designed to train and encourage women, especially country women, to utilize every scrap of food material in dishes that are at once nutritious, wholesome and attractive. The pupils themselves have been surprised to find how much valuable material they have all their lives been throwing away as useless, and the course will undoubtedly mean a great saving to every woman who takes it, as well as a means of learning to make the farm table more attractive.

"It is my purpose," said Miss Simpson, "to give the rural school teacher, the county home demonstration agent and the home maker herself a working knowledge of the subjects which I have mentioned. Lectures are given daily, with practical laboratory training in food selection, preservation and preparation. Practical instruction is also given in sewing, gardening, poultry work and farm dairying. In short, everything which tends to make a better and more capable farm wife is given in this course, which we have tried to make as comprehensive as it is thorough and practical."

Miss Simpson is highly pleased with the progress which her classes have made during the two weeks of the summer session which have already elapsed and hopes that other women will join the course from time to time, since the work has been arranged so that one may take it up anywhere. She considers this work of extreme importance to the country at the present time.

"If the women—the feeders of the men—do not save intelligently and painstakingly," said she, "all the efforts of Mr. Hoover's committee must be frustrated, or at least badly crippled. Women must be taught to prepare for eating every possible scrap of food, and to preserve scientifically every particle of surplus. And by 'preparing for eating' I mean making attractive and appetizing—not merely edible, but eatable also."

In all probability there will soon be a great movement for carrying scientific methods into every home and farm by means of trained women demonstrators, furnished and paid by the United States government. Miss Simpson feels sure that the work which the members of her present classes are doing will fit them to hold such positions as those, and to become a great aid to Mr. Hoover in his fight for food conservation.

A BAD SPRING FOR WOMEN

The late, cold and damp spring seems to have caused much suffering from backache, rheumatic pains, aches and pains in sides, joints and muscles, lumbago and similar ailments. Mrs. T. J. Buckfield, Hardy, Neb., writes: "I am recovering from an attack of lumbago by the aid of Foley Kidney Pills. They surely help me." M. H. James.

Brazos Man Charge Aviation at Cornell

Harvey, Texas, June 29.—Captain Howard Davidson, son of Dr. J. C. Davidson of Harvey, has been placed in charge of an aviation school at Cornell university. Here they are taught the preliminaries of aviation and wireless telegraphy and are then sent to other schools in the United States for actual practice in flying, where they have larger grounds. He writes that the pupils are all fine college men and learn very rapidly, and that he expects to graduate 200 in five months.

Doing hard work in a bent or stooping position puts a stitch in the back that is painful. If the muscles have become strained, you can't get rid of it without help. The great penetrating power of BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT will appeal to you most strongly at such times, because it is the very thing you need. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by M. H. James.

FIRST TEXAS BALE NETS \$2,500.

New York, July 3.—The first bale of new Texas cotton was sold at auction on the cotton exchange for the benefit of the Red Cross. The proceeds from the sale of the bale, which was donated by Hubbell, Slack & Co., of Houston, Texas, amounted to \$1500, which with \$1000 contributed by members of the exchange was added to the Red Cross war fund. Contributions to the fund totaled \$42,502.18, making the amount collected in New York City \$38,298,391.39.

TAKE A DIP IN THE SURF. I. & G. N. excursion to Galveston. Tickets at popular low rates on sale for trains arriving Galveston p. m. Saturday, July 7, and Sunday morning; limit Monday, July 9. A delightful excursion. See I. & G. N. Ticket Agent for particulars.

For Tired Women With Aching Heads

"They help me so much and I find relief as soon as I begin taking your Foley Kidney Pills," Mrs. Frank P. Wood, Morrill, Maine, R. F. D. No. 2. Sometimes it seems as if you can't stand the pain across your back. It is just making your life miserable and robbing you of all energy and strength. When you are constantly tired, head always aching, nerves "on edge," kidney action painful and burning, then is the time to start in at once on Foley Kidney Pills. They strengthen the weak, ailing kidneys, improve their action, enable them to throw off the poisons that cause your trouble. Your nerves grow peaceful, sleep becomes sounder, nervous headaches disappear. As Mrs. Wood says: "I find relief as soon as I begin to take your Foley Kidney Pills." Be sure you get the genuine Foley Kidney Pills for they are purely medicinal and contain no harmful drugs. For sale by M. H. James, Bryan, Texas.

News Letters from The Eagle's Rural Staff

Any community in Brazos county not represented in this department is welcome to join by securing a capable and reliable correspondent who will furnish a weekly letter. Write the Editor of The Eagle for particulars.

Harvey

Harvey, July 3.—I had the pleasure of attending the Canning club contest in Bryan last Saturday, and never before beheld so beautiful and so great a variety of canned goods and jellies, and from only three girls, and while I was glad to know that two of them won prizes, yet I think it nothing but just that the losing party, little Jewel Mathis, from Steep Hollow, should get honorable mention in your paper. This little girl had 37 varieties in all; including 11 varieties of jelly, of which all were home raised, except one or two jars. The other two contestants bought what they lacked at home, swelling one's varieties to 65, the other to 57, which was perhaps all right in accordance with rules and regulations, but would it not be best in future and more democratic to limit contestants to home produce altogether rather than buy fruits from the stores, in order to make a better display? Would not this put them all on an equal footing? I do not wish to give any one offense, but do feel that little Jewel, only about 14 years old, should be encouraged by public mention, for her display was beautiful.

A stranger to all parties.

MRS. J. C. DAVIDSON.

Dr. Randolph Ray of Bryan has kindly consented to meet with us Saturday night at the Literary society; to speak on the subject of "The Red Cross and Its Object." Dr. Ray is a fine speaker and we feel sure his talk will be both interesting and educational, and we hope to see him have a large audience. Don't miss this opportunity of information on this popular subject. No collection.

Mrs. R. J. Wright entertained Thursday evening with a forty-two party, honoring Misses Lucy Jean Carnegie of Lane City, and Lily Davidson of Bryan, guests in the home. The interesting game of forty-two was played until 10 o'clock, when Mrs. Wright took her guests down to the court house lawn, where the Red Cross society was serving ice cream and cake, and in that way refreshed her guests and contributed to a most worthy cause.—Wharton Advertiser.

Mrs. Will Goen and children are on a visit to relatives in Woodville. Charlie Pate, nephew of Mrs. Goen.

Steep Hollow

Steep Hollow, July 3.—We are still in need of a rain, though a shower of the past week was of some benefit to crops.

The "Steep Hollow Invincibles" have challenged the Sala team for a game of ball.

Mrs. Priscilla Andrews of Bryan attended services at the Methodist church Sunday morning. She was accompanied by her son-in-law, Harry Nash, and several of her grand children.

Walter Parker spent Sunday with homefolks.

D. M. Barnes and family of Cameron are visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Leutwyler, parents of Mrs. Barnes. Sam Satterwhite, also of Cameron, is the guest of Beecher Leutwyler.

The Baptist revival will be in progress next week. The pastor will be assisted by Rev. Brown, who is now working in the Reliance community. We extend each and all an invitation to meet with us.

BLAMES WILSON FOR HALT IN PROHIBITION

(By Associated Press)
Washington, D. C., July 2.—Virgil G. Hinshaw, chairman of the national committee of the prohibition party, has issued a statement today attacking the action of President Wilson in asking that prohibition leaders not delay the passage of the food control bill by insisting on the retention of prohibition features. He said: "We would undoubtedly have prohibition in thirty days were it not for the interference of President Wilson in coming to the rescue of the brewer in the final hour."

KEEP FIT AND FEEL FINE.

Foley Cathartic Tablets thoroughly cleanse the bowels, sweeten the stomach and arouse the liver. For indigestion, biliousness, bad breath, bloating, gas or constipation, no remedy is more highly recommended. Don't be careless. See that your bowels are regular. Keep fit. Feel fine. M. H. James.

NEGRO FIGHTERS ARRESTED

Two bloody and torn negroes were placed in the county jail Saturday evening who became involved in a fight while going out of town in a wagon. Some seven or eight negroes were in the wagon, which was passing the home of Constable Baker when the trouble started. A telephone call by Mrs. Baker brought Deputy Sheriff Morehead and other officers to the scene and three negroes were arrested, two of whom were the worse for wear.

Florence Lewis, charged with assaulting her husband who was slightly wounded with a knife, was also placed in jail.

If you feel "blue," "no account," lazy, you need a good cleaning out. HERBINE is the right thing for that purpose. It stimulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels. Price 50c. Sold by M. H. James.

U. S. FLAG IN ENGLAND.

(By Associated Press)
London, July 4.—By the king's order the stars and stripes flew over the parliament building today and on all other government buildings. Thousands wore the American flag, which also decorated private buildings.

SUFFRAGISTS ARRESTED.

(By Associated Press)
Washington, July 4.—A large police force thwarted the efforts of suffragists to defy the authorities and picket the White House today. Thirteen women were arrested for obstructing traffic.

GERMANS REPULSED.

(By Associated Press)
Paris, July 4.—Germans repeatedly hurled large bodies of troops against the French last night, attacking on the whole front from north of Joux to east of California plateau. Their repulse was complete.

RUSSIAN PEOPLE TO HELP.

Petrograd, July 4.—The provisional government has issued an appeal to the Russian people urging all citizens to forget personal interests and to mass as a single man behind the army, which "is marching to death to save the revolution and to free the Russian people."

WACO MAN GAINS 18 POUNDS ON TANLAC

"I Feel Better Than I Have in Twenty-five Years," Says William Truett.

"It's an actual fact, I have gained eighteen pounds on two bottles of Tanlac and I now feel younger and better than I have in twenty-five years." This interesting and remarkable statement was made by William O. Truett, watchman for the M. & T. railroad, and living at 121 North Sixth street, Waco, Texas.

"About four years ago," he continued, "I began suffering with indigestion and gas on my stomach and going down hill. After eating, I would swell up as tight as a drum and suffer for two or three hours, and what I had eaten felt like lumps of lead in my stomach. I was constipated all the time and had to take something every day for this trouble. I had been shooting pains from my hips down which I was told was sciatic rheumatism. I was as nervous as a rat in a trap and it was almost impossible for me to get any sound sleep or rest. I was almost completely run down and played out and for two years I couldn't work enough to pay my necessary expenses. I went to Marlin, Texas, and spent a hundred dollars for a month's treatment there and it didn't do me a nickel's worth of good. I then went to Missouri and to Dallas for treatment and paid out over three hundred dollars, but nothing gave me any relief, and it just looked like I was doomed to be a sufferer the rest of my days."

"Then I got to taking this Tanlac I had read and heard so much about. It has been a life saver to me and would be cheap at a hundred dollars a bottle compared to what other treatment and medicine cost me and the suffering I had to endure for those four years. I'm just now buying my third bottle and I have had no pain or gas in my stomach in some time and I can just eat anything without it hurting me. I'm not a bit nervous now and just sleep like a child every night. I'm not constipated like I was and the rheumatic pains are all gone out of my hip and leg. In fact, all my miserable feelings are gone now and I just feel new life and energy in every nerve of my body. As I have said, I have gained eighteen pounds and I now weigh one hundred and sixty-eight pounds and feel younger and better than I have in twenty-five years. I wouldn't take any amount of money that could be offered for the good that Tanlac has done me and I would be ungrateful not to tell others what it that got me out of my suffering and made a well man of me."

Tanlac is sold in Bryan by N. A. Stewart, and in Wellborn by J. P. Royder, and in Edge by Moore & Payne.—Adv.

Russians in Caucasus. Petrograd, July 2.—Russian forces yesterday attacked the Turks in Caucasus, occupying several villages.

FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN

Young and old find in Foley's Honey and Tar Compound a true friend when suffering from coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough, asthma or hay fever. Mrs. Chas. Reitz, Allens Mills, Pa., writes: "I have used Foley's Honey and Tar for eleven years and would not be without it." When you get FOLEY'S, you get the genuine. M. H. James.

THIRTY FOUR DEAD IN EAST ST. LOUIS RIOTS

(By Associated Press)
East St. Louis, July 4.—With fourteen hundred Illinois national guardsmen patrolling the streets and six hundred more expected, no more rioting is expected today. Governor Lowden said if necessary he would bring more troops. He is now on the scene. A total of the dead shows thirty negroes and four whites perished during the rioting.

HELPS ASTHMA AND HAY FEVER.

Now comes the season when hay fever and asthma cause thousands to suffer. "I have been troubled for years with asthma," writes E. C. Schaff, Creston, O., "and find Foley's Honey and Tar the only thing that gives me relief. It loosens the phlegm so I can throw it off and then sleep." Contains no opiates. M. H. James.

B. Y. P. U. CAMP.

Palacios, Texas, July 3.—The sixteenth annual encampment and the twenty-seventh annual convention of the Baptist Young People of Texas began here today. It will last through July 15.

The program for the assembly encampment includes addresses or sermons by Dr. George W. Truett, Dallas; Rev. M. E. Dodd, Shreveport; B. W. Spilman, Kingston, N. C.; Dr. J. B. Gambrell, Dallas; Dr. L. R. Scarborough, Fort Worth, and others. Some of the men will make as many as a half dozen addresses during the encampment.

Bryan Young Man Officer's Commission

Oscar Brantley Park of Dallas has just received from the secretary of war his commission as first lieutenant in the signal section of the United States army, officers' reserve corps. The commission is of the handsome engraving done by the government and bears the signature of Secretary of War Baker. It bears date of June 11, 1917. Lieutenant Park is a son of Mr. and Mrs. P. S. Park of Bryan and has come here to be with his parents until he receives orders to join his corps.

AFFILIATION RULES TO BE MORE STRINGENT

(By Associated Press)
Austin, Texas, July 4.—Plans for a comprehensive standardization of requirements for the affiliation and admission of high school graduates with the university of Texas and other institutions of higher learning in the state have just been laid at a meeting of the state committee on classification of the state committee on this important step in the educational welfare of the state.

The committee headed by Prof. W. P. Doughty, state superintendent of public instruction, is composed of all the leading schools of Texas. These plans and the standardization of requirements are expected to be completed and placed in operation at the fall term of the schools. The new requirements are to be uniform and more stringent.

STRAIGHTEN HIM UP

Solomon Bequette, Flat River, Mo., writes: "Two years ago I was down on my back till I could hardly go. Foley Kidney Pills straightened me right up." Rheumatic pains, aching joints, sore and swollen muscles indicate deranged kidneys. Foley Kidney Pills get right at the trouble and give prompt relief. M. H. James.

Tabor

Tabor, June 28.—The many friends of Will Closs are sorry to learn that he is ill again and is in the Bryan hospital. It is hoped that he will soon recover.

Charlie Holden has been visiting relatives at Normangee. Rev. Storey, pastor of the Presbyterian church in Bryan, is going to conduct a meeting at Alexander beginning Sunday night, July 1.

It is still dry in this immediate vicinity but some of the adjoining communities have been visited by partial rains. We are expecting a shower in a few days.

The Sunday school at Alexander, which has heretofore been conducted in the afternoon, has been changed to morning.

Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Benbow of Wixon

visited Mr. and Mrs. Will Presnal Sunday. Miss Gladys Broach is visiting in Bryan.

DENNY-CAVITT.

Relative to a wedding which has been previously reported in The Eagle, the following has been contributed:

The wedding of Miss Catherine Cavitt and Mr. Robert Evans Denny was quietly solemnized last Wednesday evening at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. James Harvey Mitchell, at Wheelock, the service being read by Rev. Charlton H. Storey of the First Presbyterian church of Bryan.

The home was prettily decorated with an abundance of white blossoms effectively arranged against backgrounds of green, while ferns and palms formed a simulated altar before which the bride couple took position for the saying of the solemn vows. The wedding music was furnished by Misses Ethel and Katherine Mitchell of Wheelock. The bride wore a becoming costume of French mousseline with lace garniture, and carried a shower bouquet of bride roses and white sweet peas.

Following the serving of the wedding collation, Mr. and Mrs. Denny left for Asheville, North Carolina, where they will be until September 1, after which date they will be at home to their friends at Blacksburg, Virginia.

The bride's going-away costume was of handsome dark blue serge with accessories in a harmonizing shade of gray.

Mr. Denny is a native of North Carolina and received his degree from the law department of the University of Virginia in 1914. At present he is connected with the Virginia Polytechnic Institute.

The bride is a daughter of Mrs. Beulah Arney Cavitt of Wheelock, Texas, and is a young woman of rare personality and charm. Many beautiful gifts evidenced the respect and esteem felt for the bride and groom by both present and absent friends.

Stings or bites of insects that are followed by swellings, pain or itching should be treated promptly as they are poisonous. BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT counteracts the poison. It is both antiseptic and healing. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by M. H. James.

Grand July Clearance Sale!

Not For One Day or 10 Days, But During the Entire Month of July

AT

M. BONNEVILLE

On the Corner West of Main Street

Racket Store

SAME GOODS FOR
LESS MONEY.

MORE GOODS FOR
SAME MONEY.

We have made a Grand Sacrifice in all our SUMMER GOODS for this Sale, and by frequently visiting this Store during this month of July, you will always find something new and far below their present values on our Bargain Counters. All summer goods must go, even if cotton is advancing, as we are anxious to get rid of them to make room for Fall Merchandise. You need the goods; we need the money, and our time is limited to sell summer goods, but your time is now in full season for the need of them. So buy now and get big bargains.

Men's, Youths' and Boys' Furnishings

200 pairs men's Palm Beach Pants, well made and up to date; values at \$1.50 a pair; July price \$1.00
50 pair men's nice dark color working Pants; July price \$1.25
Men's Khaki cloth Pants, nicely made and up to date; July sale price \$1.25, 85c and 65c.

150 pairs men's Dress Pants, up to date and quality A-1; July sale \$2.89, \$2.15, \$1.98 and \$1.50

Boys' Knee Pants made up to date, all sizes, Palm beach cloth and worsted, and cassimere at—
\$1.65, \$1.25, \$1, 85c, 75c, 65c, 50c, 25c
Boys' Knee Suits, Palm beach, serge, and light weight, cool cloth suits, all sizes, special—
\$4.98, \$3.39, \$2.25 and \$1.98.

Big line of Men's, Boys' and Children's Mexican Straw Hats at .25c, .15c, 10c
Men's Balbriggan Undershirts and Drawers, each .29c
Men's fine bleach Balbriggan Undershirts and Drawers, 60c value at .35c
\$1.25 men's high grade Winchester Union Suits, special .95c
Men's Blue Chambray Shirts, good quality, all sizes, special—
65c, 60c, 50c and 45c

Shoe Department

Children's and Misses' Slippers in vic, patent leather, etc., per pair—
65c, 75c, 98c, \$1.00 and \$1.50.

Ladies' Oxfords and Slippers in vic, patent leather and cloth, up to date, per pair \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.25

Ladies' White Oxfords, with leather sole and with rubber heel and sole at \$1.50 and \$1.25

Big lot of Ladies' Slippers, Oxford and Low Cut Shoes, values at \$3.50 and \$4.00 we offer the lot to close out at—
\$2.50, \$1.98, \$1.50 and \$1.25

Ladies' Dull Kid and Vic, heel and toe dress Slippers, \$3.50 and \$4.00 values, special at \$2.98 and \$2.50

Ladies' High Top Lace Shoes or Oxfords trimmed with tan leather, rubber sole and heel, very stylish, special per pair \$1.75 and \$1.50

Men's Work or Dress Shoes, the kind you get your money's worth, per pair \$1.50, \$1.75, \$1.98, \$2.15, \$2.50

Men's, Women's and Boys' Rubber Oxfords, special per pair 79c

Men's Women's and Boys' Black Rubber bottoms Oxfords, per pair 59c

Men's fine Dress Shoes, Hanna makes, \$5.50 values for \$2.98

Big line of Men's Tan Shoes and Oxfords, up to date and big values, per pair \$2.25, \$2.98 and \$1.75

Dry Goods Department

500 yards assorted colors Remnants, Table Oil Cloth, per yard 10c

250 yards Bleach Table Damask, mill ends, per yard 15c

1000 yards of fancy Dress Gingham, mill ends, per yard 10c

1000 yards bleach Domestic, yard-wide, mill ends, per yard 10c

Big line pretty Shirt Waists, large collar and up to date, special—
98c, 89c, 75c and 50c

Pretty line of Dress Lawn, assorted colors and quality, per yard—
12 1-2c, 15c and 7 1-2c.

We are offering all of our tailor made Dress Skirts at reduced prices. In fancy stripes, plain white and poplin, etc at \$2.98, \$1.15, \$1.35, \$1.25

500 ladies' white Handkerchiefs, two for 5c

Men's hemstitched Handkerchiefs worth 10c, special 10c

Infants' white Dresses, nicely trimmed with embroidery 65c and 29c

Children's Dresses, fancy and pretty styles, special 98c, 75c, 65c, 50c

Ladies' Dresses and one and two piece Dresses \$2.75, \$1.75, \$1.25, 98c

Towels, medium and large 12 1/2c, 10c and 8c

Ladies' Corset Covers, big values at only 50c, 39c, 29c

Ladies' Corsets, all sizes and big values \$1.00, 75c, 50c, 25c

Ladies' Muslin and Knitted Drawers special values 50c and 25c

Ladies' Muslin Undershirts, nicely trimmed at \$1.00, 65c, 50c

Big line of Ladies', Misses' and Children's Parasols at 98c, 75c, 50c, 25c

Children's Rompers, 50c quality 25c, 25c quality 19c

White Bed Spreads, big value at—
\$2.25, \$1.50 and \$1.10